Teas, buns, pints and pies:

Clock Tower: The Boot and The Fleur de Lys Public Houses, plus numerous cafés and restaurants.

Verulamium Park: The Fighting Cocks Public House, Café at the Abbey, plus ice-cream vans.

Holywell Hill: The Peahen, Duke of Marlborough and The White Hart Public Houses plus Café Rouge restaurant and café.

Sopwell House Hotel

Park Street: The Falcon and The Overdraught Public Houses.

How to get there:

By road: The Clock Tower is situated in Market Place, St Albans. Leave Junction 21a of the M25 or Junction 6 of the M1 and take the A405, followed by the A5183 direction St Albans. There are several car parks within the city centre but the closest are at Westminster Lodge and Christopher Place. For more information on car parks see www.stalbans.gov.uk

By public transport: St Albans is served by transport links from London as well as surrounding villages and towns. Regular trains run from London to the City Station, as well as the Abbey Station from Watford, for further details visit www.nationalrail.co.uk. For details of coach and bus services contact Traveline on 0871 200 2233 or visit www.intalink.org.uk

Parts of this walk can be muddy or wet underfoot.



This is one of a series of 8 circular walks on the River Ver and part of the 17 mile long linear, River Ver Trail. You can also use the OS Explorer Map 182 to find your way around the Valley. For lots more photos, memories, information and copies of the other walks go to www.riverver.co.uk

The Countryside Management Service works with communities in Hertfordshire to help them care for and enjoy the environment. For information on further opportunities to enjoy Hertfordshire countryside, including Health Walks, visit www.hertslink.org/cms

If you would like this leaflet produced in large print, please contact the Countryside Management Service on southwest. cms@hertscc.gov.uk Tel: 01462 459395

Front cover photo: The Clock Tower, St Albans. Photos: Countryside Management Service, Ver Valley Society, St Albans Camera Club. © 2011 Countryside Management Service, except mapping. All rights reserved.



VER VALLEY WALK 7 The Watermeadow Walk

Explore the beautiful rolling countryside of this river valley

Start and finish: Clock Tower, St Albans, includes short train journey Full walk: 3.5 miles (5.6 km) -About 2 hours



ST ALBANS AND PARK STREET

Discover the River Ver

The River Ver is special; it is a **chalk stream**, one of only about 200 on the planet and its pure alkaline water supports a very particular mix of **flora** and **fauna**. For 450,000 years, since the Anglian Ice Age, it has flowed (almost) uninterrupted along its valley, south from its source at Kensworth Lynch in the Chiltern Hills, through Markyate, Flamstead, Redbourn, St Albans and Park Street to where it joins with the River Colne near Bricket Wood – ultimately to empty into the River Thames near Windsor.

Man has used the river for navigation, for milling, for mineral extraction and for food production – these processes mean the river is much changed from its 'natural' state. Today we utilise the Ver in two other ways. Firstly, deep boreholes into the chalk strata (or aquifer) abstract over half of all the water that falls as rain in the area. Secondly, we use the river and its attractive surroundings for simple leisure and pleasure, by walking through its valley or along its banks, as you might do today by following this route.

Like a good book, the River Ver has a beginning, middle and end, and associated with its twists and turns many characters come and go; through these walks you will follow the story in eight chapters, from source to confluence. We aim to set the Ver in its local landscape and cultural context. For further information about the Ver and the people who lived near it, past and present, visit our website: www.riverver. co.uk

The River Ver links us to the past, present and future. It is...

liquid history

From the middle of the 19th century production of watercress was an important agricultural crop in the valley. At Flamstead, Redbourn, St Albans and Park Street the ditches off watercourses, which were often remnants of the 'natural' course of the river, were utilised – usually modified and improved – for the industry. The pure, alkaline spring water of a chalk-stream like the River Ver, which maintains an even temperature, was perfect for virtually year round production.

London and other big cities became essential markets as production increased. Half of the 15 million bunches of 'fresh wo-orter cresses' sold each year in London, were sold by sellers in the streets, usually young girls, the old or the infirm. In the 20th century popularity of watercress declined and production industrialised further onto bigger sites, particularly in Dorset and Hampshire. Watercress production ceased on the River Ver around 1970.



The Clock Tower

The 1412 Clock House was a political statement. The townsmen wished to assert their freedom, power and wealth from St Albans Abbey. Sited on higher ground, the tower looks down at its larger neighbour. It is the only medieval town belfry left in England.



8 Abbey Station

This little branch line has survived when others were closed long ago. It is due to be turned into a tramway, to open in 2012. Note the enamel station plaques near the platform designed by local school children.



Waxhouse Gate

This was the main entrance into the Abbey precincts for medieval pilgrims. Here they purchased devotional candles to be placed at the Martyr's shrine for forgiveness of sins or to cure illness.



Sopwell House and Priory ruins

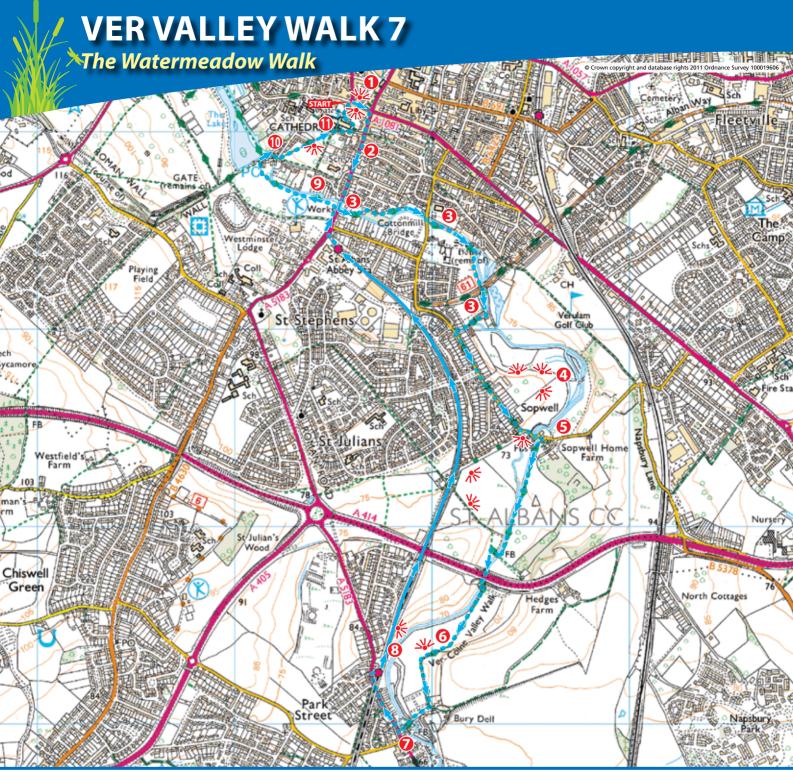
A local legend suggests that King Henry VIII courted and married Anne Boleyn whilst she lodged here in 1531/2, a safe distance from his court in London. The pair would meet at places not far from the Priory.



🐠 St Albans Abbey

Note the Roman tiles and stonework that form a large part of the Abbey's fabric. The decaying Roman city of Verulamium was exploited for building materials. Vaulted passages and 'subterranean crypts' were overthrown and filled-up partly to salvage stone and bricks, and partly because they had become hiding places for 'robbers, cut throats and strumpets'.





ST ALBANS AND PARK STREET

From the Clock Tower 1 turn left into High Street, then cross towards the Peahen Public House, and turn right down Holywell Hill. Our route takes us past the historic White Hart Hotel and the former Ryder Seed Hall and offices 2. Cross the River Ver at the base of the hill, then take the riverside footpath left.

Although the river has been highly modified during the last two millennia, and encroached upon, its valley bottom remains an important green corridor through St Albans **(2)**.

Follow the footpath to Cottonmill Lane, then alongside the River through Sopwell Nunnery Green Space. At Sopwell Mill, turn right, across the recreation ground to emerge onto Cottonmill Lane.

For fine views of the Ver Valley back to the Abbey and Sopwell Mill, and south to New Barnes Mill make a detour into the grounds of the Marlborough Club (via Old Oak).

Take care \bigwedge at New Barnes Mill \bigcirc as there is no pedestrian footpath – keep to the left across the first bridge. Turn right after the second bridge onto the riverside path. \textcircled Watch out for the blue flash of Kingfishers flying up the Ver. Cross the footbridge before the A414 embankment, then the farm access bridge after, and follow the path across the middle of the

watermeadows. () are rich in aquatic flora and fauna; they are grazed by cattle and sheep from nearby Hedges Farm. From

the eastern side of the valley here, it is easy to imagine the 'natural' river filling the whole of the river corridor here, especially during winter months.

Pass through a kissing gate to follow the path beside allotments. Turn right into Burydell Lane. Park Street Mill 🕖 sits at the junction with Watling Street.

To return to St Albans either take the 'Abbey Flyer' from Park Street Station (there are views across the valley from the train 3 see www.abbeyline.org.uk) OR retrace your path north, but deviate left at the footbridge to the north of the A414 for fine views of the valley from this path and Butterfield Lane.

From the Abbey Station, cross Holywell Hill and the footbridge, to turn left onto the grassy path beside the river Θ inside Verulamium Park. At the Lake turn right over the Abbey Millstream and pass between the Mill and the Fighting Cocks Public House. Note the sound of the river falling over the weir here 0.

Walk up the hill to St Albans Abbey 1, follow the path around the east end of the Abbey, then north through Waxhouse Gate to finish at the Clock Tower.

KEY

 Ver Valley Walk 7 uses rights of way to link to the River Ver Trail to enable you to explore the river valley in bite size sections.

 Ver Valley Walk 7 train journey

 Maymarking Follow these waymarks on your way around the route.

 Ver Valley View

 Public Footpath

 Public Bridleway

 Take care when crossing main roads

 Nature notes

